

Math Trivia

Cylindrical coordinates

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \rho \cos \phi & y &= \rho \sin \phi \\ d\ell^2 &= d\rho^2 + \rho^2 d\phi^2 + dz^2, & d^3v &= \rho d\rho d\phi dz \\ \hat{\rho} &= \cos \phi \hat{x} + \sin \phi \hat{y}, & \hat{\phi} &= -\sin \phi \hat{x} + \cos \phi \hat{y} \\ \nabla^2 \Phi &= \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left(\rho \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \rho} \right) + \frac{1}{\rho^2} \frac{\partial^2 \Phi}{\partial \phi^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \Phi}{\partial z^2} \end{aligned}$$

Spherical coordinates

$$\begin{aligned} x &= r \sin \theta \cos \phi & y &= r \sin \theta \sin \phi & z &= r \cos \theta \\ d\ell^2 &= dr^2 + r^2 d\theta^2 + r^2 \sin^2 \theta d\phi^2, & d^3v &= r^2 dr \sin \theta d\theta d\phi \\ \hat{r} &= \sin \theta \cos \phi \hat{x} + \sin \theta \sin \phi \hat{y} + \cos \theta \hat{z} \\ \hat{\theta} &= \cos \theta \cos \phi \hat{x} + \cos \theta \sin \phi \hat{y} - \sin \theta \hat{z} \\ \nabla^2 \Phi &= \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 \Phi}{\partial \phi^2} \end{aligned}$$

Gamma function

$$\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty t^{x-1} dt e^{-t} \quad \Gamma(x+1) = x \Gamma(x) \quad \Gamma(n) = (n-1)! \quad \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$$

Beta function

$$B(p, q) = \int_0^1 dt t^{p-1} (1-t)^{q-1} = 2 \int_0^{\pi/2} d\theta \sin^{2p-1} \theta \cos^{2q-1} \theta = \frac{\Gamma(p) \Gamma(q)}{\Gamma(p+q)}$$

Gaussian integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2a^2}\right) = \sqrt{2\pi} |a| \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n} dx}{\sqrt{2\pi a^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2a^2}\right) = (2n-1)!! a^{2n}$$

Lorentzian (Cauchy) integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^2 + a^2} = \frac{\pi}{|a|} \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(x^2 + a^2)^p} = \frac{1}{|a|^{2p-1}} \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(p - \frac{1}{2})}{\Gamma(p)}$$

Kronecker delta

$$\delta_{ij} = \hat{\mathbf{x}}_i \cdot \hat{\mathbf{x}}_j = \begin{cases} 1 & i = j \\ 0 & i \neq j \end{cases} \quad \delta_{ij} = \delta_{ji} \quad \delta_{ij} x_j = x_i \text{ (implicit summation)}$$

Levi-Civita (permutation) tensor

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon_{ijk} &= \begin{cases} +1 & ijk = 123, 231, 312 \\ -1 & ijk = 132, 213, 321 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} & \epsilon_{ijk} &= -\epsilon_{jik} \text{ (all pairs)} \\ \epsilon_{ijk} &= \hat{\mathbf{x}}_i \cdot (\hat{\mathbf{x}}_j \times \hat{\mathbf{x}}_k) & \delta_{ij} \epsilon_{ijk} &= 0 & \epsilon_{ijk} \epsilon_{kmn} &= \delta_{im} \delta_{jn} - \delta_{in} \delta_{jm} \end{aligned}$$